# FREEHOLD REGIONAL HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICE OF CURRICULUM AND INSTRUCTION ENGLISH AS A SECOND LANGUAGE DEPARTMENT

# **ENGLISH LANGUAGE 3**

Grade Level: 9-12

Credits: 5

**BOARD OF EDUCATION ADOPTION DATE:** 

**AUGUST 31, 2015** 

SUPPORTING RESOURCES AVAILABLE IN DISTRICT RESOURCE SHARING

APPENDIX A: ACCOMMODATIONS AND MODIFICATIONS

APPENDIX B: ASSESSMENT EVIDENCE

APPENDIX C: INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTIONS

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# **Supervisor**

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#### **ENGLISH LANGUAGE 3**

#### **COURSE PHILOSOPHY**

The goal of the English as a Second Language (ESL) program is to prepare students for the English and academic literacy demands of the world at large. The greatest responsibility is to strengthen the students' ability to process and communicate academically and socially. Fluency and accuracy in both spoken and written English are emphasized. *English Language 3* is designed for low intermediate speakers of English who will benefit from an integrated skills approach based on listening, speaking, reading, and writing.

In order to prepare students more effectively to pursue life goals, the ESL program's learning objectives are based upon the 2012 WIDA Consortium English Language Development Standards for English Language Learners in Grade 9 through Grade 12 and the Common Core State Standards in English Language Arts. The ultimate purpose is to make English Language Learners (ELLs) literate readers, writers, and speakers in Standard American academic and social language, as well as astute listeners and viewers. During this course, students will learn language acquisition skills that they can transfer and utilize to continue acquiring the English language while improving literacy.

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION**

English Language 3 prepares students for academic success through activities that require interaction and the application of learning in meaningful contexts. Each unit is centered on transfer goals, enduring understandings, and essential questions They are developed to enable the students to gain a deeper understanding of the material. Rather than teach a series of lessons that solely address the language of a specific content area, all the activities in this guide are developed to foster an enduring understanding of a lesson that will allow the students to make connections to other disciplines, their lives, or the world in general. The curriculum establishes definite essential questions for each unit and activities that promote reading, writing, speaking, listening and viewing. Teachers are invited to revise and/or add to them to suit the needs of their students. It is one of the goals of this curriculum model to exchange ideas regarding the teaching of the English language through academic language of the content areas.

## **COURSE SUMMARY**

## **COURSE GOALS**

- CG1: Students will be able to use the speaking, listening, reading, and writing skills learned in this course to become productive members of a 21st century school community and society.
- CG2: Students will strategically and effectively read and communicate in English in their everyday academic and personal lives.
- CG3: Students will be able to transfer their understanding of the English Language so that, on their own, they will be able to continue to acquire the English language and use that knowledge to effectively communicate.

COURSE ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS	COURSE ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS
CEU1: Reading in English requires the ability to determine vocabulary in	CEQ1: What do I need to do to become a better reader?
context, respond to a text by summarizing and paraphrasing, compare and	
contrast, cite the text, determine central idea, analyze argument, and	
integrate multiple sources of information.	
CEU2: Communicating in English requires the ability to deliberately listen and	CEQ2a: What do I need to do to become a better speaker?
participate orally in a variety of discussions.	CEQ2b: What do I need to do to become an active listener?
CEU3: Writing in English requires the ability to convey meaning by selecting	CEQ3a: How can I determine the difference in meaning between closely
appropriate vocabulary, apply correct conventions of Standard English,	related words and phrases?
support claims, examine complex ideas, and develop real or imagined	CEQ3b: Can I have a good argument without evidence?
experiences.	CEQ3c: What makes some evidence better than others?
	CEQ3d: How can I check grammar, punctuation, and spelling?
	CEQ3e: How can I write an imaginative narrative?
CEU4: Participation in society necessitates the ethical use of technology and	CEQ4a: Why is social media necessary in my life?
social media.	CEQ4b: How do I know an internet resource is a good source of information?

UNIT GOALS & PACING			
UNIT TITLE	UNIT GOALS		
1: Reduce, Reuse, Recycle	Students will transfer their understanding of waste management and recycling methods so that, on their own, they will be able to defend a claim using relevant evidence.	7 weeks	
2: The Silenced	Students will transfer their understanding of genocides so that they will be able to communicate a claim that integrates evidence to examine/convey complex ideas, concepts, and information.		
3: Revolutions	Students will transfer their understanding of revolutions so that they will be able to write a fictional narrative that interprets events from an authentic point of view, integrating specific and relevant evidence.	8 weeks	
4: Communicating for Academia	Students will strengthen and deepen their language knowledge and skills in order to communicate information, ideas, and concepts necessary for continued academic success in all content areas.	4 weeks	
5: The Business of Advertising	Students will transfer their understanding of advertising so that they will be able to persuade a target audience to purchase a product or service.	8 weeks	

<b>UNIT OV</b>	UNIT OVERVIEW		
UNIT LEA	UNIT LEARNING GOALS		
Students	Students will transfer their understanding of waste management and recycling methods so that, on their own, they will be able to defend a claim using relevant evidence.		
UNIT LEA	ARNING SCALE		
4	In addition to score 3 performances, the student can use the learned skills and vocabulary in new and spontaneous/unrehearsed situations and/or student can apply concepts learned in class to aid other students who are at a lower proficiency level to communicate key information about waste management and recycling methods.		
3	<ul> <li>The student can:         <ul> <li>recognize or recall specific vocabulary, such as but not limited to:</li></ul></li></ul>		
2	The student sometimes needs assistance from a teacher and/or minor mistakes in successfully communicating key information about waste management and		
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	ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS		
	CEU1: Reading in English requires the ability to determine vocabulary in context,  CEQ1: What do I need to do to become a better reader?		
-	respond to a text by summarizing and paraphrasing, compare and contrast, cite the  • EQ1a: How do I use context to determine vocabulary?		
	text, determine central idea, analyze argument, and integrate multiple sources of  • EQ1b: How do I determine central idea?		
	information.  • EQ1c: How do I compare and contrast?		
	EQ10. How do rappropriately cite text:		
	EU1b: Reading requires determining central idea.		
	EU1c: Reading requires comparing and contrasting.		
• [	EU1d: Reading requires citing text.		

ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS		
CEU2: Communicating in English requires the ability to deliberately listen and	CEQ2a: What do I need to do to become a better speaker?		
participate orally in a variety of discussions.	CEQ2b: What do I need to do to become an active listener?		
<ul> <li>EU2: Communicating about requires the ability to speak about and listen to</li> </ul>	EQ2a: How do I verbally summarize texts?		
key information.	EQ2b: How do I agree or disagree with another speaker's point of view?		
CEU3: Writing in English requires the ability to convey meaning by selecting	CEQ3a: How can I determine the difference in meaning between closely related		
appropriate vocabulary, apply correct conventions of Standard English, support	words and phrases?		
claims, examine complex ideas, and develop real or imagined experiences.	CEQ3b: Can I have a good argument without evidence?		
<ul> <li>EU3a: Writing requires specific vocabulary.</li> </ul>	CEQ3d: How can I check grammar, punctuation, and spelling?		
EU3b: Writing requires textual evidence.	<ul> <li>EQ3a: How do I decide which words or phrases are best to use in my</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>EU3c: Writing requires proper usage of grammar, punctuation, and spelling?</li> </ul>	writing?		
	<ul> <li>EQ3b: What quotes help support my point of view?</li> </ul>		
	EQ3c: How do I check for correct grammar, punctuation, and spelling?		
CEU4: Participation in society necessitates ethical use of technology and social	CEQ4a: Why is social media necessary in my life?		
media.	CEQ4b: How do I know an internet resource is a good source of information?		
EU4: Technology is necessary in order to research and integrate     information.	EQ4: How do I cite evidence from an appropriate internet resource?		
information.	L CODE STANDARDS		
WIDA & COMMON CORE STANDARDS			

WIDA Standard 2 The Language of Language Arts

WIDA Standard 4 The Language of Science

- 11-12.ELA.RI.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.
- 11-12.ELA.RI.2 Determine two or more central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to provide a complex analysis; provide an objective summary of the text.
- 11-12.ELA.RI.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10).
- 11-12.ELA.RI.6 Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text in which the rhetoric is particularly effective, analyzing how style and content contribute to the power, persuasiveness or beauty of the text.
- 11-12.ELA RI.10 By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 11-CCR text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.
- 11-12.ELA.W.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.
- 11-12.ELA.W.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
- 11-12.ELA.W.5 Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.
- 11-12.ELA.W.6 Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information.
- 11-12.ELA.W.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
- 11-12.ELA.W.10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.

- 11-12.ELA.SL.1 Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grades 11-12 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.
- 11-12.ELA.SL.3 Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, assessing the stance, premises, links among ideas, word choice, points of emphasis, and tone used.
- 11-12.ELA.SL.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
- 11-12.ELA.SL.5 Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.
- 11-12.ELA.L.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
- 11-12.ELA.L.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
- 11-12.ELA.L.3 Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.
- 11-12.ELA.L.4.A Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
- 11-12.ELA.L.4.C Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, its etymology, or its standard usage.
- 11-12.ELA.L.4.D Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).
- 11-12.ELA.L.6: Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.

COMMON ASSESSMENT	
ALIGNMENT	DESCRIPTION
LG1 EU1-9 EQ1-9 11-12.ELA.SL.3,4 11-12.ELA.L.1,2,4,6 11-12.ELA.RI.1,4,6 11-12.ELA.W.1,4,5,9 WIDA 2,4 DOK 2,3	<ul> <li>Speaking         <ul> <li>The student will agree or disagree about the pros and cons of a type of recycling method presented in the text.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Listening         <ul> <li>The student will listen to presenter's point of view in order to summarize them while reflecting on their own point of view about recycling methods.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Reading         <ul> <li>The student will identify the textual evidence that supports analysis of what the text related to the topic of recycling methods says explicitly.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Writing         <ul> <li>The student will develop claims, supplying the most relevant evidence for a specific type of recycling method.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Technology         <ul> <li>The student will produce and save their typed writing on the computer using a word processing program such as Microsoft Word, using the appropriate writing style and conventions.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

LITERATURE OPTIONS	
TITLE & AUTHOR	TITLE & AUTHOR
"All About Trash" (Empower3000)	"Trade It In!" (Empower3000)
"One City's Big Problem" (Empower3000)	"China Says `No' to Bags" (Empower3000)
"What Happens to Old Computers?" (Empower3000)	"No More Plastic Bags?" (Empower3000)
"Throw Old Computers in the Trash? No Way!" (Empower3000)	"Trash or Treasure?" (Empower3000)
"Bring Us Your Old Computers!" (Empower3000)	"Shhh! Worms at Work" (Empower3000)

ACTIVITIES	DECLARATIVE KNOWLEDGE	PROCEDURAL KNOWLEDGE
Students will compare and contrast different types of recycling methods while referencing pros and cons of each method.  • Students can give and receive peer feedback to prepare for whole class presentations.  • Students can use a "dialogue starter" to facilitate listening comprehension when evaluating a speaker's point of view.  • Students can reference a Venn diagram while presenting.  • Students can use English Central to practice speaking about recycling methods.	reduce, reuse, recycle upcycle convert garbage, trash, waste waste reduction	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence that conveys a clear and distinct perspective such that listeners can follow a line of reasoning  Adapt speech to a given context or task when speaking  Demonstrate correct use of formal English when speaking  DOK 3
Reading and Writing Students will read and annotate texts about different recycling methods and then write an argumentative essay.  • Students can read adapted texts and/or differentiated Lexile leveled texts through the Empower3000 service.  • Students can reference an essay template when typing their essay.	environment dispose/disposal	Write an argument creating an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence  DOK 3, 4

#### **UNIT OVERVIEW**

#### **UNIT LEARNING GOALS**

#### Students will transfer their understanding of genocides so that they will be able to communicate a claim that integrates evidence to examine/convey complex ideas, concepts, and information. **UNIT LEARNING SCALE** In addition to score 3 performances, the student can use the learned skills and vocabulary in new and spontaneous/unrehearsed situations and/or student can 4 apply concepts learned in class to aid other students who are at a lower proficiency level to communicate key information about genocides. The student can: • recognize or recall specific vocabulary, such as but not limited to: crime, current events, important historical events, timelines (ordinal numbers, sequencing, transitional words), cultural information, geography, inequality, freedom, courage, leaders, refugees; perform processes, such as, but not limited to: 3 synthesize information about genocides from multiple sources while integrating historical and political context; use the following linguistic complexity, vocabulary usage, and language control: simple and expanded sentences that show emerging complexity used to provide detail; usage of general and some specific language related to the content area; lack of needed vocabulary may be evident; generally comprehensible when writing in sentences; comprehensibility may from time to time be impeded by errors when attempting to produce more complex text. The student sometimes needs assistance from a teacher and/or minor mistakes in successfully communicating key information about genocides. 2 The student always needs assistance from a teacher to communicate key information about genocides. 1 0 Even with help, the student does not exhibit understanding of genocides. **ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS** CEU1: Reading in English requires the ability to determine vocabulary in context, CEQ1: What do I need to do to become a better reader? respond to a text by summarizing and paraphrasing, compare and contrast, cite the EQ1a: How do I use context to determine vocabulary? text, determine central idea, analyze argument, and integrate multiple sources of EQ1b: How do I determine central idea from multiple sources of information. information? EU1a: Reading requires using context to determine vocabulary. EQ1c: How do I compare and contrast from multiple sources of information? EU1b: Reading requires determining central idea from multiple sources of EQ1d: How do I appropriately cite text from multiple sources of information. information? EU1c: Reading requires comparing and contrasting multiple sources of information. • EU1d: Reading requires citing text from multiple sources of information. CEU2: Communicating in English requires the ability to deliberately listen and CEQ2a: What do I need to do to become a better speaker? participate orally in a variety of discussions. CEQ2b: What do I need to do to become an active listener? EU2: Communicating requires the ability to speak about and listen to key EQ2a: How do I verbally summarize? information. EQ2b: How do I agree or disagree with another speaker's point of view?

ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS	
CEU3: Writing in English requires the ability to convey meaning by selecting appropriate vocabulary, apply correct conventions of Standard English, support	CEQ3a: How can I determine the difference in meaning between closely related words and phrases?	
claims, examine complex ideas, and develop real or imagined experiences.	CEQ3b: Can I have a good argument without evidence?	
<ul> <li>EU3a: Writing requires specific vocabulary.</li> <li>EU3b: Writing requires textual evidence.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>CEQ3d: How can I check grammar, punctuation, and spelling?</li> <li>EQ3a: How do I decide which words or phrases are best to use in my</li> </ul>	
EU3c: Writing requires proper usage of grammar, punctuation, and spelling?	writing?	
	<ul> <li>EQ3b: What quotes help support my point of view?</li> <li>EQ3c: How do I check for correct grammar, punctuation, and spelling?</li> </ul>	
CEU4: Participation in society necessitates ethical use of technology and social	CEQ4a: Why is social media necessary in my life?	
media.	CEQ4b: How do I know an internet resource is a good source of information?	
<ul> <li>EU4: Technology is necessary in order to research and integrate information.</li> </ul>	EQ4: How do I cite evidence from an appropriate internet resource?	
MIDA & COMMON CODE STANDARDS		

WIDA Standard 2 The Language of Language Arts WIDA Standard 5 The Language of Social Studies

- 11-12.ELA.RL.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.
- 11-12.ELA.RL.5 Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure specific parts of a text (e.g., the choice of where to begin or end a story, the choice to provide a comedic or tragic resolution) contribute to its overall structure and meaning as well as its aesthetic impact.
- 11-12.ELA.RL.7 Analyze multiple interpretations of a story, drama, or poem (e.g., recorded or live production of a play or recorded novel or poetry), evaluating how each version interprets the source text.
- 11-12.ELA.RI.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.
- 11-12.ELA.RI.2 Determine two or more central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to provide a complex analysis; provide an objective summary of the text.
- 11-12.ELA.RI.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10).
- 11-12.ELA.RI.6 Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text in which the rhetoric is particularly effective, analyzing how style and content contribute to the power, persuasiveness or beauty of the text.
- 11-12.ELA.RI.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem.
- 11-12.ELA RI.10 By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 11-CCR text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.
- 11-12.ELA.W.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.
- 11-12.ELA.W.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
- 11-12.ELA.W.5 Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.

- 11-12.ELA.W.6 Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information.
- 11-12.ELA.W.7 Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.
- 11-12.ELA.W.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.
- 11-12.ELA.W.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
- 11-12.ELA.W.10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.
- 11-12.ELA.SL.1 Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grades 11-12 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.
- 11-12.ELA.SL.2 Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.
- 11-12.ELA.SL.3 Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, assessing the stance, premises, links among ideas, word choice, points of emphasis, and tone used.
- 11-12.ELA.SL.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
- 11-12.ELA.SL.5 Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.
- 11-12.ELA.L.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
- 11-12.ELA.L.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
- 11-12.ELA.L.3 Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.
- 11-12.ELA.L.4.A Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
- 11-12.ELA.L.4.C Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, its etymology, or its standard usage.
- 11-12.ELA.L.4.D Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).
- 11-12.ELA.L.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.
- 11-12.ELA.L.6 Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.

COMMON ASSESSMENT	
ALIGNMENT	DESCRIPTION
	<ul> <li>Speaking</li> <li>The student will present information, findings, and supporting evidence from literature and informational text relating to the topic of genocide.</li> </ul>
LG1	Listening
EU1-9 EQ1-9	• The student will listen to presenter's findings and evaluate the link made between literature and historical/political context relating to the topic of genocide.
11-12.ELA.SL.3,4,5	Reading
11-12.ELA.L.1-4 11-12.ELA.RL.7 11-12.ELA.RI.1,4,6	<ul> <li>The student will evaluate how multiple sources of text or media interprets the historical/political context relating to the topic of genocide.</li> <li>Writing</li> </ul>
11-12.ELA.W.2,4,5,7,8,9 WIDA 2,5	• The student will gather relevant information from multiple sources and assess their strengths and weaknesses as it pertains to the historical/political context of genocide.
DOK 2,3	<u>Technology</u>
	<ul> <li>The student will produce and save their typed writing on the computer using a word processing program such as Microsoft Word using the appropriate writing style and conventions.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The student will produce and publish a visual timeline while integrating facts from literature relating to the topic of genocide on the class web page.</li> </ul>

LITERATURE OPTIONS	
TITLE & AUTHOR	TITLE & AUTHOR
"Remembering the Holocaust" (Empower3000)	"Web Site Brings Teens Together—65 Years Later" (Empower3000)
"A Day of Remembering" (Empower3000)	"To Keep the Promise" (Empower3000)
"A Day To Remember" (Empower3000)	"Global Conflicts: Teens Save a Hero's Story" (Empower3000)
"Families To Learn About Loved Ones" (Empower3000)	"Saying Thank You to Heroes" (Empower3000)
"The List Lives On" (Empower3000)	"Learning More About Anne Frank" (Empower3000)

SUGGESTED STRATEGIES		
ACTIVITIES	DECLARATIVE KNOWLEDGE	PROCEDURAL KNOWLEDGE
Speaking and Listening Students will present on how authentic media was used to persuade people during the time of the genocide.		Integrate multiple sources of information presented
<ul> <li>Students can use notecards when they present.</li> <li>Students can use a question stem bank to ask the presenter appropriate questions about their presentation.</li> <li>Students can use English Central to practice speaking about historical events, courage, inequality, freedom and leaders.</li> </ul>	crime current events timelines (ordinal numbers, sequencing, transitional words) cultural information geography inequality	Analyze and evaluate text, comments, claims, and evidence posed  Use digital media strategically in presentations to enhance understanding and add interest  DOK 3, 4
Reading and Writing Students will research vital information about the historical and current political situation of a country that has experienced or is currently experiencing a genocide.	freedom courage leaders refugees	Conduct steps for short as well as sustained research projects to answer a question
<ul> <li>Students may read adapted texts and/or differentiated Lexile leveled texts through the Empower3000 service.</li> <li>Students can use a vocabulary web to link terms/sentences/pictures with a word/phrase/topic that is in the center to help them make connections throughout their research.</li> </ul>		Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support text  DOK 3

#### **UNIT OVERVIEW**

#### **UNIT LEARNING GOALS**

#### Students will transfer their understanding of revolutions so that they will be able to write a fictional narrative that interprets events from an authentic point of view, integrating specific and relevant evidence. **UNIT LEARNING SCALE** In addition to score 3 performances, the student can use the learned skills and vocabulary in new and spontaneous/unrehearsed situations and/or student can 4 apply concepts learned in class to aid other students who are at a lower proficiency level to communicate key information about revolutions. The student can: • recognize or recall specific vocabulary, such as but not limited to: rebellion, crime, culture, religion, change, government, leaders, dictators, political change, social factors, economic factors, propaganda; perform processes, such as, but not limited to: determine how propaganda influences citizens, use historical context to create a narrative; 3 use the following linguistic complexity, vocabulary usage, and language control: simple and expanded sentences that show emerging complexity used to provide detail; usage of general and some specific language related to the content area; lack of needed vocabulary may be evident; generally comprehensible when writing in sentences; comprehensibility may from time to time be impeded by errors when attempting to produce more complex text. 2 The student sometimes needs assistance from a teacher and/or minor mistakes in successfully communicating key information about revolutions. 1 The student always needs assistance from a teacher to communicate key information about revolutions. 0 Even with help, the student does not exhibit understanding of revolutions. **ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS** CEU1: Reading in English requires the ability to determine vocabulary in context, CEQ1: What do I need to do to become a better reader? respond to a text by summarizing and paraphrasing, compare and contrast, cite the EQ1a: How do I use context to determine vocabulary? text, determine central idea, analyze argument, and integrate multiple sources of EQ1b: How do I determine central idea? information. EQ1c: How do I compare and contrast? EU1a: Reading about revolutions requires using context to determine EQ1d: How do I appropriately cite text? vocabulary. EQ1e: How do I evaluate the structure of a text? EU1b: Reading requires determining central idea. EU1c: Reading requires comparing and contrasting. EU1d: Reading requires citing text. EU1e: Reading requires evaluating the structure of a text. CEU2: Communicating in English requires the ability to deliberately listen and CEQ2a: What do I need to do to become a better speaker? CEQ2b: What do I need to do to become an active listener? participate orally in a variety of discussions. • EU2: Communicating requires the ability to speak about and listen to key EQ2a: How do I verbally paraphrase texts? information. EQ2b: How do I evaluate a speaker's use of evidence?

ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS
CEU3: Writing in English requires the ability to convey meaning by selecting appropriate vocabulary, apply correct conventions of Standard English, support claims, examine complex ideas, and develop real or imagined experiences.  • EU3a: Writing requires specific vocabulary.  • EU3b: Writing requires textual evidence.  • EU3c: Writing requires proper usage of grammar, punctuation, and spelling?  • EU3d: Writing requires use of effective structure.	CEQ3a: How can I determine the difference in meaning between closely related words and phrases? CEQ3b: Can I have a good argument without evidence? CEQ3d: How can I check grammar, punctuation, and spelling?  • EQ3a: How do I decide which words or phrases are best to use in my writing?  • EQ3b: What critical information helps support real or imagined experiences?  • EQ3c: How do I check for correct grammar, punctuation, and spelling?
CEU4: Participation in society necessitates ethical use of technology and social	EQ3d: How do I know if the structure is effective?  CEQ4a: Why is social media necessary in my life?  CEQ4b: How do I know an internet resource is a good source of information?
<ul> <li>media.</li> <li>EU4: Social media is necessary to communicate and share important information.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>CEQ4b: How do I know an internet resource is a good source of information?</li> <li>EQ4: How do I use social media to communicate and share important information?</li> </ul>
information.	•

WIDA Standard 2 The Language of Language Arts WIDA Standard 4 The Language of Science

- 11-12.ELA.RI.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.
- 11-12.ELA.RI.2 Determine two or more central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to provide a complex analysis; provide an objective summary of the text.
- 11-12.ELA.RI.3 Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.
- 11-12.ELA.RI.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10).
- 11-12.ELA.RI.5 Analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of the structure an author uses in his or her exposition or argument, including whether the structure makes points clear, convincing, and engaging.
- 11-12.ELA.RI.6 Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text in which the rhetoric is particularly effective, analyzing how style and content contribute to the power, persuasiveness or beauty of the text.
- 11-12.ELA.RI.8 Delineate and evaluate the reasoning in seminal U.S. texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning (e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court majority opinions and dissents) and the premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy (e.g., The Federalist, presidential addresses).
- 11-12.ELA RI.10 By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 11-CCR text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.
- 11-12.ELA.W.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.
- 11-12.ELA.W.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.
- 11-12.ELA.W.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.
- 11-12.ELA.W.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
- 11-12.ELA.W.5 Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.

- 11-12.ELA.W.6 Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information.
- 11-12.ELA.W.7 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.
- 11-12.ELA.W.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.
- 11-12.ELA.W.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
- 11-12.ELA.W.10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.
- 11-12.ELA.SL.1 Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grades 11-12 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.
- 11-12.ELA.SL.2 Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.
- 11-12.ELA.SL.3 Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, assessing the stance, premises, links among ideas, word choice, points of emphasis, and tone used.
- 11-12.ELA.SL.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
- 11-12.ELA.SL.5 Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.
- 11-12.ELA.SL.6 Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating a command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.
- 11-12.ELA.L.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
- 11-12.ELA.L.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
- 11-12.ELA.L.3 Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.
- 11-12.ELA.L.4.A Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
- 11-12.ELA.L.4.C Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, its etymology, or its standard usage.
- 11-12.ELA.L.4.D Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).
- 11-12.ELA.L.5 Demonstrate understandings of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.
- 11-12.ELA.L.6 Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.

COMMON ASSESSMENT		
ALIGNMENT	DESCRIPTION	
	Speaking	
	The student will analyze how text, propaganda, or media were used to influence people during a revolution.	
LG1	Listening	
EU1-9	The student will listen to the presenter and reflect on how successfu text, propaganda, or media was when used to influence	
EQ1-9	people during a revolution.	
11-12.ELA.SL.1,3,4,5	Reading	
11-12.ELA.L.1-4	The student will analyze the effects of style and content as they contribute to the effectiveness of the text, propaganda, or media	
11-12.ELA.RI.1,6,10	during a revolution.	
11-12.ELA.W.1,2,3,4,5,9,10	Writing	
WIDA 2,4	The student will write a narrative to develop a historical experience during a revolution.	
DOK 3,4	<u>Technology</u>	
	The student will produce and save their typed writing on the computer using a word processing program such as Microsoft Word	
	using the appropriate writing style and conventions.	
	The student will produce and publish a narrative while integrating relevant historical facts about a revolution on the computer.	

LITERATURE OPTIONS	
TITLE & AUTHOR	TITLE & AUTHOR
"American Revolution: Never Forgotten" (Empower3000)	"Freedom: How We Got It" (Empower3000)
"Age of Revolution: Where Heroes Walked" (Empower3000)	"Age of Revolution: Cinco de Mayo: An Important Day" (Empower3000)
"American Revolution: A Puzzle From the Past" (Empower3000)	"Age of Revolution: Haiti's Fight To Be Free" (Empower3000)

SUGGESTED STRATEGIES		
ACTIVITIES	DECLARATIVE KNOWLEDGE	PROCEDURAL KNOWLEDGE
Speaking and Listening Students will record an explanation of how propaganda was used to influence people.		Use general academic and domain-specific words and phrases at the college and career readiness level
<ul> <li>Students can use a computer program such as PowerPoint to attach a recording of their explanation with a photo.</li> <li>Students can use English Central to practice speaking about propaganda.</li> </ul>	rebellion crime culture religion government	Use digital media strategically in presentations to enhance understanding and add interest  DOK 3, 4
Reading and Writing Students will write a fictional journal entry in first person about their life during a revolution.	leaders dictators political change social factors	Write a narrative that uses a variety of transitions to develop a coherent sequence of events
<ul> <li>Students may read adapted texts and/or differentiated Lexile leveled texts through the Empower3000 service.</li> <li>Students can use a plot diagram to assist in writing the narrative.</li> <li>Students can use a reference sheet/rubric to help guide them throughout the writing process.</li> </ul>	economic factors propaganda	Write a narrative that includes a reflective conclusion that follows from what is experienced, observed, or resolved  DOK 4

## **UNIT OVERVIEW**

### **UNIT LEARNING GOALS**

Students will strengthen and deepen their language knowledge and skills in order to communicate information, ideas, and concepts necessary for continued academic success in all content areas.

success in	n all content areas.	,		
UNIT LEA	ARNING SCALE			
4	In addition to score 3 performances, the student can assist other students vocabulary.	who are at a lower proficiency level to read, write, speak, and listen using academic		
	The student can:			
	Studies;	Language of Mathematics, the Language of Science, and the Language of Social		
	o academic vocabulary connected to a task (synthesize, critique);			
<ul> <li>perform basic processes, such as, but not limited to:         <ul> <li>distinguish, analyze, categorize, compare, contrast, sequence, interpret, evaluate, negotiate meaning, synthesize, critique, produce orig writing;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>use the following linguistic complexity, vocabulary usage, and language control:</li> <li>a variety of sentence lengths of varying linguistic complexity; emerging cohesion to provide detail and clarity;</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>usage of specific and some technical language related to the content area; lack of needed vocabulary may be occasionally evident;</li> <li>generally comprehensible at all times, errors don't impede the overall meaning; such errors may reflect first language interference</li> </ul>			
2				
1	The student always needs assistance from a teacher to read, write, speak, a			
0	Even with help, the student does not exhibit understanding of how to read,	write, speak, and listen using academic vocabulary.		
ENDURII	NG UNDERSTANDINGS	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS		
CEU1: Reading in English requires the ability to determine vocabulary in context, respond to a text by summarizing and paraphrasing, compare and contrast, cite the text, determine central idea, analyze argument, and integrate multiple sources of				
informati		EQ1: How do I improve and apply reading skills?		
<ul> <li>EU1: Reading about academic subjects requires the ability to process, interpret, and evaluate written language, symbols, and text with understanding and fluency.</li> </ul>				
CEU2: Co	mmunicating in English requires the ability to deliberately listen and			
participate orally in a variety of discussions.				
<ul> <li>EU2a: Listening to academic information requires the ability to process, interpret, and evaluate spoken language.</li> </ul>		EQ2: How do I improve and apply listening skills? EQ3: How do I improve and apply speaking skills?		
<ul> <li>EU2b: Speaking for academic purposes requires the ability to communicate thoughts and ideas with organization and fluency.</li> </ul>				

ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS			
CEU3: Writing in English requires the ability to convey meaning by selecting				
appropriate vocabulary, apply correct conventions of Standard English, support				
claims, examine complex ideas, and develop real or imagined experiences.	EQ4: How do I improve and apply writing skills?			
<ul> <li>EU3: Writing for academic purposes requires the ability to communicate</li> </ul>				
thoughts and ideas with organization and fluency.				
WIDA & COMMON CORE STANDARDS				
WIDA Standard 1 Social and Instructional Language				
WIDA Standard 2 The Language of Language Arts				
WIDA Standard 3 The Language of Mathematics				
WIDA Standard 4 The Language of Science				
WIDA Standard 5 The Language of Social Studies				

COMMON ASSESSMENT		
ALIGNMENT	DESCRIPTION	
LG1 EU1-4 EQ1-4 WIDA 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 DOK 2-4	Assessing Comprehension and Communication in English State-to-State for English Language Learners (ACCESS for ELLs)	

ACTIVITIES	DECLARATIVE KNOWLEDGE	PROCEDURAL KNOWLEDGE
Speaking	suggest	Speaking for academic purposes requires
1. Students will suggest ways to resolve issues or pose solutions, compare and	compare, contrast	the ability to communicate thoughts and
contrast features, traits, characteristics, sequence processes, cycles, procedures,	sequence	ideas with organization and fluency in the
or events, estimate, and make predictions.	estimate, predict	areas of Language Arts, Mathematics,
<ul> <li>Students will be to answer with short phrases.</li> </ul>		Science, and Social Studies.
<ul> <li>Students can write their responses before answering orally.</li> </ul>		
Students can use a word or phrase bank.		DOK 3
istening	evaluate	Listening to academic information requires
2. Students will evaluate information in social and academic conversations,	main idea	the ability to process, interpret, and
distinguish main ideas from supporting details in oral, content-related discourse,	supporting details	evaluate spoken language in the areas of
and categorize content-based examples described orally.	categorize	Language Arts, Mathematics, Science, and
<ul> <li>If the student has difficulty understanding the teacher's questions or</li> </ul>		Social Studies.
instruction, the teacher will write the question or instructions on the		
board and point to the words while enunciating very clearly.		DOK 3
Reading	multiple meaning words	Reading about academic subjects requires
3. Students will apply multiple meanings of words/phrases to social and academic	identify	the ability to process, interpret, and
contexts, identify topic sentences or main ideas and details in paragraphs, answer	topic sentence	evaluate written language, symbols, and
questions about explicit information in texts, differentiate between fact and	main idea	text with understanding and fluency in the
opinion in text, sequence information within paragraphs.	details	areas of Language Arts, Mathematics,
The teacher will reduce the amount of reading.	fact, opinion	Science, and Social Studies.
The teacher will provide first language support if needed.	sequence	
		DOK 3
Vriting	compose	Writing for academic purposes requires the
4. Students will complete reports from templates, compose short narrative and	outline	ability to communicate thoughts and ideas
expository pieces, outline ideas and details using graphic organizers, and compare	compare	with organization and fluency in the areas
and reflect on performance against criteria.	narrative	of Language Arts, Mathematics, Science,
Sentence frames.	expository	and Social Studies.
The teacher will provide first language support if needed.	reflect	DOM 2
Word or phrase wall		DOK 3

#### **UNIT OVERVIEW** UNIT LEARNING GOALS Students will transfer their understanding of advertising so that they will be able to persuade a target audience to purchase a product or service. UNIT LEARNING SCALE In addition to score 3 performances, the student can use the learned skills and vocabulary in new and spontaneous/unrehearsed situations and/or student can 4 apply concepts learned in class to aid other students who are at a lower proficiency level to communicate key information about advertising. The student can: • recognize or recall specific vocabulary, such as but not limited to: product, advertising, marketing, slogan, jingle, industry, target audience, social media, profit, influential people, celebrities, sports, entertainment, bandwagon, celebrity spokesperson, loaded language, emotional appeals; perform processes, such as, but not limited to: 3 explain who and why a target audience is necessary to sell a product, create an idea or slogan for new product, advertise an old product in a new way, identify and use persuasive techniques in advertising; use the following linguistic complexity, vocabulary usage, and language control: a variety of sentence lengths of varying linguistic complexity; emerging cohesion to provide detail and clarity; usage of specific and some technical language related to the content area; lack of needed vocabulary may be occasionally evident; generally comprehensible at all times, errors don't impede the overall meaning; such errors may reflect first language interference. 2 The student sometimes needs assistance from a teacher and/or minor mistakes in successfully communicating key information about advertising. 1 The student always needs assistance from a teacher to communicate key information about advertising. Even with help, the student does not exhibit understanding of advertising. 0 **ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS** CEU1: Reading in English requires the ability to determine vocabulary in context, CEQ1: What do I need to do to become a better reader? respond to a text by summarizing and paraphrasing, compare and contrast, cite the EQ1a: How do I use context to determine vocabulary? text, determine central idea, analyze argument, and integrate multiple sources of EQ1b: How do I determine central idea? information. EQ1c: How do I compare and contrast? EU1a: Reading requires using context to determine vocabulary. EQ1d: How do I appropriately cite text? EU1b: Reading requires determining central idea. EU1c: Reading requires comparing and contrasting. EU1d: Reading requires citing text. CEU2: Communicating in English requires the ability to deliberately listen and CEQ2a: What do I need to do to become a better speaker? participate orally in a variety of discussions. CEQ2b: What do I need to do to become an active listener? • EU5: Communicating about advertising requires the ability to speak about EQ2a: How do I verbally convince my audience? and listen to key information. EQ2b: How do I evaluate a speaker's persuasive techniques?

ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS		
CEU3: Writing in English requires the ability to convey meaning by selecting	CEQ3a: How can I determine the difference in meaning between closely related		
appropriate vocabulary, apply correct conventions of Standard English, support	words and phrases?		
claims, examine complex ideas, and develop real or imagined experiences.	CEQ3b: Can I have a good argument without evidence?		
<ul> <li>EU3a: Writing requires specific vocabulary.</li> </ul>	CEQ3d: How can I check grammar, punctuation, and spelling?		
EU3b: Writing requires textual evidence.	EQ3a: How do I decide which words or phrases are best to use in my		
<ul> <li>EU3c: Writing requires proper usage of grammar, punctuation, and spelling?</li> </ul>	writing?		
	EQ3b: What quotes help support my point of view?		
	<ul> <li>EQ3c: How do I check for correct grammar, punctuation, and spelling?</li> </ul>		
CEU4: Participation in society necessitates ethical use of technology and social	CEQ4a: Why is social media necessary in my life?		
media.	CEQ4b: How do I know an internet resource is a good source of information?		
<ul> <li>EU4: Social media is necessary to share products, events, or ideas.</li> </ul>	EQ4: How do I use social media to advertise a product, event, or idea?		
WIDA & COMMON CORE STANDARDS			

WIDA Standard 2 The Language of Language Arts WIDA Standard 4 The Language of Science

- 11-12.ELA.RI.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.
- 11-12.ELA.RI.2 Determine two or more central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to provide a complex analysis; provide an objective summary of the text.
- 11-12.ELA.RI.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10).
- 11-12.ELA.RI.5 Analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of the structure an author uses in his or her exposition or argument, including whether the structure makes points clear, convincing, and engaging.
- 11-12.ELA.RI.6 Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text in which the rhetoric is particularly effective, analyzing how style and content contribute to the power, persuasiveness or beauty of the text.
- 11-12.ELA.RI.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem.
- 11-12.ELA.RI.8 Delineate and evaluate the reasoning in seminal U.S. texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning (e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court majority opinions and dissents) and the premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy (e.g., The Federalist, presidential addresses).
- 11-12.ELA RI.10 By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 11-CCR text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.
- 11-12.ELA.W.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.
- 11-12.ELA.W.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.
- 11-12.ELA.W.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
- 11-12.ELA.W.5 Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.
- 11-12.ELA.W.6 Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information.

- 11-12.ELA.W.7 Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.
- 11-12.ELA.W.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.
- 11-12.ELA.W.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
- 11-12.ELA.W.10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.
- 11-12.ELA.SL.1 Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grades 11-12 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.
- 11-12.ELA.SL.2 Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.
- 11-12.ELA.SL.3 Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, assessing the stance, premises, links among ideas, word choice, points of emphasis, and tone used.
- 11-12.ELA.SL.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
- 11-12.ELA.SL.5 Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.
- 11-12.ELA.SL.6 Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating a command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.
- 11-12.ELA.L.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
- 11-12.ELA.L.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
- 11-12.ELA.L.3 Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.
- 11-12.ELA.L.4.A Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
- 11-12.ELA.L.4.C Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, its etymology, or its standard usage.
- 11-12.ELA.L.4.D Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).
- 11-12.ELA.L.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.
- 11-12.ELA.L.6 Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.

COMMON ASSESSMENT	
ALIGNMENT	DESCRIPTION
LG1 EU1-9 EQ1-9 11-12.ELA.SL.1-5 11-12.ELA.L.1-5 11-12.ELA.RI.4,6,10 11-12.ELA.W.1,2,3,4,5,9,10 WIDA 2,4 DOK 2,3,4	<ul> <li>The student will sell a product to the class using persuasive techniques in advertising to convince their audience to buy the product.</li> <li>Listening         <ul> <li>The student will listen to the presenter and provide feedback as to why the product would or would not be successful for the target audience.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Reading         <ul> <li>The student will compare and contrast different advertisements taking into consideration persuasive vocabulary words, size and font of text, and the target audience.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Writing         <ul> <li>The student will write a description about the advertisement they created using persuasive reasons as to why their advertisement will attract the target audience.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Technology         <ul> <li>The student will produce and save an advertisement on the computer using a computer program such as Microsoft Publisher while using the appropriate writing style and conventions.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

LITERATURE OPTIONS	
TITLE & AUTHOR	ISBN or HYPERLINK
"No More Loud Ads!" (Empower3000)	"Hello, China? Can You Come Over?" (Empower3000)
"Will Your School Bus Have Ads?" (Empower3000)	"MRAs: Getting To Know You" (Empower3000)
"Kellogg Makes a Healthy Choice" (Empower3000)	"Too Many Teen Smokers" (Empower3000)
"This Test Brought to You By" (Empower3000)	"What's in a Name?" (Empower3000)
"What Are They Trying To Sell?" (Empower3000)	

SUGGESTED STRATEGIES		
ACTIVITIES	DECLARATIVE KNOWLEDGE	PROCEDURAL KNOWLEDGE
Students will record an explanation of how propaganda was used to influence people.  Students can use the document reader to project and present their original advertisement to the class.  Students can use English Central to practice speaking about advertising.	product advertising marketing slogan jingle industry	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when speaking  Use appropriate contextual clues when demonstrating independence in gathering
Reading and Writing Students will analyze various advertisements and explain why the persuasive techniques used in those ads are effective.  • Students can read adapted texts and/or differentiated Lexile leveled texts through the Empower3000 service. • Students can reference a list of adjectives and loaded language vocabulary.	target audience social media profit influential people celebrities sports entertainment	demonstrating independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge  DOK 3, 4  Write including formatting, graphics, multimedia that is useful to aiding comprehension  DOK 3, 4